

# A DAY IN THE LIFE OF...

#### A. READING

## Before you read

Work in pairs. Ask and answer questions about your daily routine, using the cues below.

Example: what time you often get up

A: What time do you often get up?

B: I often get up at six.

- what time you go to school / have breakfast / lunch / dinner / go to bed
- what you often do in the morning / afternoon / evening

## While you read

Read the passage and then do the tasks that follow.



Mr. Vy: The alarm goes off at 4:30. I get up and go down to the kitchen to boil some water for my morning tea. I drink several cups of tea, have a quick breakfast and then lead the buffalo to the field. It takes me 45 minutes to get ready. I leave the house at a quarter past five and arrive in the field at exactly 5:30. I plough and harrow my plot of land and at a quarter to eight I take a short rest. During my break I often drink tea with my fellow peasants and smoke local tobacco. I continue to work from a quarter past eight till 10:30. Then I go home, take a short rest and have lunch with my family at 11:30. After lunch I usually take an hour's rest.

Mrs. Tuyet: At 2:30 in the afternoon we go to the field again. We repair the banks of our plot of land. Then my husband pumps water into it while I do the transplanting. We work for about two hours before we take a rest. We finish our work at 6 p.m. We have dinner at about 7 p.m., then we watch TV and go to bed at about 10 p.m. Sometimes we go and see our neighbours for a cup of tea. We chat about our work, our children and our plans for the next crop. Although it's a long day for us, we are contented with what we do. We love working and we love our children.

Task 1. Choose the option A, B, or C that best suits the meaning of the italicised word(s).

1. The alarm goes off at 4:30.

A. goes wrong

B. goes away

C. rings

2. It takes me 45 minutes to get ready.

A. to go

B. to wake up

C. to prepare

3. We chat about our work.

A. talk in a friendly way

B. learn

C. discuss

4. We are contented with what we do.

A satisfied with

B. disappointed with C. interested in

## Task 2. Answer the following questions.

- 1. What is Mr. Vy's occupation?
- 2. What time does he get up and what does he do after that?
- 3. What does he do in the morning?
- 4. What do Mr. Vy and his wife do in the afternoon?
- 5. Are they happy with their lives or not? Why?
- Task 3. Scan the passage and make a brief note about Mr. Vy and Mrs. Tuyet's daily routines. Then compare your note with a partner.

in the morning	4:30: The alarm goes off and Mr. Vy gets up.
in the afternoon	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
after dinner	

## After you read

Work in groups. Talk about Mr. Vy and Mrs. Tuyet's daily routines.

## B. SPEAKING

Task 1. Quan is a tenth-grade student. He goes to school every morning. Below is his weekly timetable. Ask and answer questions with a partner, using the information from the timetable.

## Examples:

A: What time does Quan have a Civic Education lesson on Monday?

B: (He has a Civic Education lesson) at 7:15 a.m.

A: What lesson does Quan have at 7:15 a.m. on Monday?

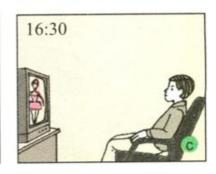
B: (At 7:15 on Monday he has) a Civic Education lesson.

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
7:15	Civic Education	Physics	Physical Education	English	Maths	Literature
8:05	Information Technology	Literature	Literature	Geography	Information Technology	English
8:55	Maths	Biology	Literature	History	English	Maths
9:55	Maths	Chemistry	Physics	Physical Education	Physics	Maths
10:40				Chemistry		Class Meeting

Task 2. Talk about Quan's activities, using the pictures below.



















Task 3. Tell your classmates about your daily routine.

#### C. LISTENING

#### Before you listen

Work in pairs. Ask and answer the following questions.

- Have you ever travelled by cyclo?
- When was it?
- Is it interesting to travel by cyclo?
- Which do you prefer, going by bicycle or by cyclo? Give reason(s)?
- Listen and repeat.

district

routine

office

pedal

purchases

drop

passengers

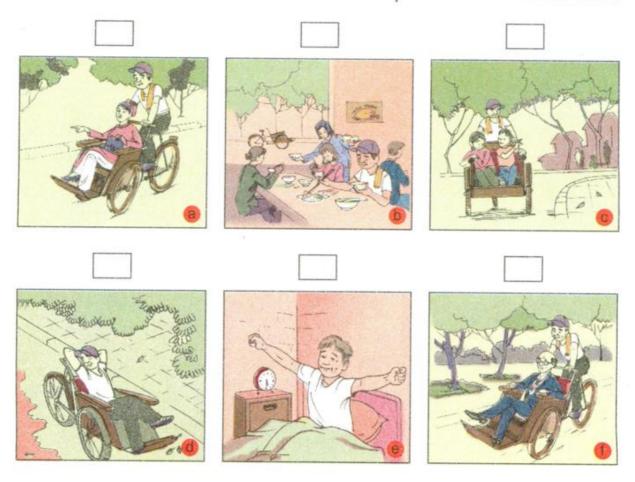
ride

park

food stall

## While you listen

Task 1. You will hear Mr. Lam, a cyclo driver, talk about his morning activities. Listen to his talk and number the pictures in their correct order.



B	Task 2. Listen again. Decide whether the statements are true false (F).	(T) or
		TF
	1. Mr. Lam lives in District 1.	
	2. Mr. Lam usually gets up early.	
	<ol> <li>After Mr. Lam gets up, he rides his cyclo from District 5 to District 1.</li> </ol>	
	4. Mr. Lam's first passengers are two pupils.	
	5. Mr. Lam has lunch at home with his family.	
	6. After lunch Mr. Lam immediately goes back to work.	

#### After you listen

Work in pairs. Take turns to ask and answer questions about Mr. Lam's activities, using the cues below. Then retell his story to the class.

name

start work

lunch

occupation

passengers

rest

## D. WRITING

Task 1. Read the following passage and find all the verbs that are used in the past simple and the connectors (time expressions) in the story.

## A narrative

14<sup>th</sup> July 1995 is a day I shall never forget. On that day, I stared death in the face.

Our flight was due to leave at 11 a.m., and I arrived at the airport quite early. We got on the plane at 10:30 and the plane took off on time. The air-hostesses were just beginning to serve our lunch when the plane began to shake.

At first, we thought we were flying in bad weather. We were told to stay seated and fasten our seat belts. Then suddenly the plane seemed to dip. We realised we were in danger. Many people screamed in panic. We all thought we had only minutes to live.

Then, just when we had given up all hope, we felt the plane slowly gained height. A few minutes later the pilot announced that everything was all right. We were all overjoyed and relieved. One hour later we landed safely. It was the most frightening experience of my life.



Task 2. Work in groups. Identify the events, the climax, and the conclusion of the story. Then report your results.

Task 3. Use the prompts below to build up a narrative about a hotel fire.

Last year / I / spend / summer holidays / a seaside town. / The hotel / be modern / comfortable. / I / have / wonderful holiday / until / fire.

It / be / Saturday evening / and / everybody / be / the discotheque / ground floor. / It / be / crowded / with people. / They / dance /and / sing happily. / Suddenly / we / smell / smoke. / Then / black smoke / begin / fill / room. / Everybody / start / scream / in panic. / People / run toward / fire exits. / One door / be / block. / Many people / begin / cough / choke.

Then / just as we / think / we / have / only / minutes / live, / fire brigade / arrive. / Firemen / fight / their way / into / room / and soon / everyone / be / safely out of the building. / Luckily / nobody / be / seriously hurt. / It / be / most frightening experience / my life.

## E. LANGUAGE FOCUS

• Pronunciation: / I / - / i: /

• Grammar and vocabulary:

1. The present simple

2. Adverbs of frequency

3. The past simple

#### Pronunciation

• Listen and repeat.

/	ı/	/ i	.: /
hit	kick	heat	repeat
bit	click	beat	read
little	interest	meat	eaten

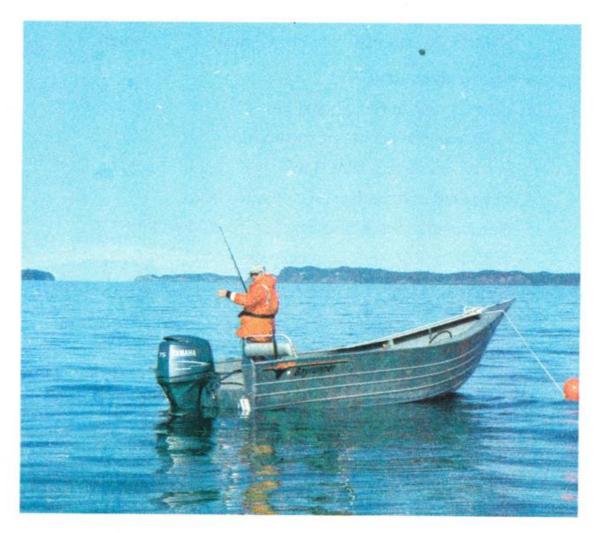
- Practise these sentences.
- 1. Is he coming to the cinema?
- 2. We'll miss the beginning of the film.
- 3. Is it an interesting film, Jim?
- 4. The beans and the meat were quite cheap.
- 5. He's going to leave here for the Green Mountains.
- 6. Would you like to have meat, peas and cheese?

## Grammar and vocabulary

Exercise 1. Complete the blanks in the passage. Use the correct present simple form of the verbs in the box. (There are more verbs than needed and you will have to use some verbs more than once.)

be	play	take	run
fish	go	say	catch
worry	give up	like	realise

Fishing (1) \_\_\_\_\_ my favourite sport. I often (2) \_\_\_\_ for hours without catching anything. But this does not (3) \_\_\_\_ me. Some fishermen (4) \_\_\_\_ unlucky. Instead of catching fish, they (5) \_\_\_\_ old boots and rubbish. I (6) \_\_\_ even less lucky. I never (7) \_\_\_ anything – not even old boots. After having spent whole mornings on the river, I always (8) \_\_\_\_ home with an empty bag. "You must (9) \_\_\_ fishing!", my friends (10) \_\_\_ "It's a waste of time". But they don't (11) \_\_\_ that I (12) \_\_\_ not really interested in fishing. I'm only interested in sitting in a boat, doing nothing at all.



Exercise 2. Put each of these adverbs of frequency in its appropriate place in the sentences below.

always	usually	sometimes	as a rule
never	often	normally	occasionally

He gets up early.

She is late for school.

Lan practises speaking English.

Thao is a hard-working student.

Exercise 3. Supply the correct past simple form of the verbs in brackets.

Late in the afternoon, the boys put up their tents	in the middle of a
field. As soon as this (1) (do), they (2)	(COOK) a
meal over an open fire. They (3) (be) all	hungry and the food
(4) (smell) good. After a wond	derful meal, they
(5)(tell) stories and (6)(sing)	songs by the camp-
fire. But some time later it (7) (begin	) to rain. The boys
(8)(feel) tired so they (9) (p	out out) the fire and
(10) (creep) into their tent. Their sleeping	ng-bags were warm
and comfortable, so they all (11) (sleep) so	undly. In the middle
of the night two boys (12)(wake) up a	and began shouting.
The tent (13) (be) full of water. They	all (14)
(leap) out of their sleeping-bags and (15)	(hurry) outside.
It was raining heavily and they (16)(fin	d) that a stream had
formed in the field. The stream (17) (v	vind) its way across
the field and then (18) (flow) right under	