

Unit 10

ENDANGERED SPECIES

PRONUNCIATION

a) 1. C 2. A 3. B 4. B 5. A

b) 1. D 2. D 3. C 4. A 5. C

LISTENING

- a) 1. launched
2. caught
3. plants, medicine
4. dangerously
5. prevent

b)

9 inform	_3_ hundreds	_8_ species	_12_ products
11 choices		_5_ although	_4_ then
6 harm	_2_ trade	_10_ causes	_7_ threatening

c)

- wildlife
- each
- ornamental
- wild
- environmental

SPEAKING

a)

- When did WWF start working to protect endangered species?
It started working in 1961.
- Which species do they focus attention on?

They focus attention on some flagship species such as giant pandas, endangered whales and dolphins, rhinos, elephants, and great apes.

3. Why is protection of these flagship animals important?
Because they also serve as umbrella species. Helping them means helping numerous other species that live in the same habitats.
4. What other species benefit from WWF's conservation efforts?
Those species which face the threat of extinction.
5. What is WWF trying to prevent?
WWF is trying to prevent illegal trade in wildlife products.

READING

a)

- | | |
|---------------|-----------------------|
| A. elephant | B. rhino / rhinoceros |
| C. tiger | D. leopard |
| E. great apes | F. whooping crane |

b)

- | | | | | |
|------|------|------|------|-------|
| 1. F | 2. T | 3. F | 4. F | 5. T |
| 6. F | 7. F | 8. F | 9. T | 10. T |

c)

Mammals	Birds	Insects	Fish	Reptiles
chimpanzee goat leopard tiger whale	crow eagle parrot robin	ant cockroach fly mosquito	salmon sardine shark	cobra crocodile lizard tortoise

WRITING

Linking Words

a)

- | | |
|----------------|----------------|
| 1. whose | 2. that |
| 3. for example | 4. and |
| 5. or | 6. once / when |
| 7. as | 8. when |
| 9. but | 10. However |

b)

1. Biologists estimate ... 1800s; however, by the ... a mere 16!
2. Since the whooping crane ... list in 1971, its population ... increased.
3. The main concern ... the species, and then only human-bred, ... remain.
4. Through the efforts ... progress, though much work ... done.

USE OF LANGUAGE

Verb Forms

- | | | |
|------------------|---------------------|---------------|
| 1. dies | 2. is done | |
| 3. are | 4. will have become | |
| 5. is trying | 6. was founded | |
| 7. wanted | 8. is | |
| 9. has raised | 10. has given | |
| 11. has helped | 12. is | |
| 13. give | 14. wake | |
| 15. is happening | 16. will be | 17. threatens |

Because and Because of

1. Many elephants are killed because of their precious tusks.
2. Dogs are used at airports to detect drugs because they have a keen sense of smell.
3. He had to pay a heavy fine because he had killed an endangered animal.
4. Dogs make good pets because they are faithful.
5. Chimpanzees are said to be intelligent because of their capability to learn sign language.
6. Whales are still in danger of extinction because they are being hunted and killed in the Arctic.
7. Because many animals have valuable fur, they are hunted. *or* Many animals are hunted because they have valuable fur.
8. Dinosaurs became extinct millions of years ago because of a drastic change in the earth's climate.

Phrasal Verbs with *Make*

1. made over
2. made off
3. made up with
4. made up
5. made up
6. made off with
7. make up
8. made his spare room into
9. make up for
10. made away with
11. make up
12. make out
13. made my face up
14. made for

a)

				¹ F				
² K	I	³ D		O				
		U		A				
		⁴ C	A	L	F		⁵ K	
		K					I	
		⁶ L	A	M	B		T	
		I					T	
		N					E	
		⁷ G	O	S	L	I	N	G

- b) 1. B 2. F 3. J 4. H 5. A
6. E 7. I 8. C 9. G 10. D