

WHAT TIME DO YOU GO TO SCHOOL?

Preview

A Match. Write the expressions in the box under the pictures.

go to school go to bed do homework get up go home have dinner



1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____ 6. _____

B 45 Complete the chart. Listen to three students talking about their school day. Write the correct times in the chart.

ACTIVITY	PAULO	IRA	THEO	YOU
get up	6:30	6 o'clock	7. _____	
go to school	1. _____	8 o'clock	8. _____	
go home	2. _____	4. _____	3:30	
do homework	2 o'clock	3 o'clock	5 o'clock	
have dinner	3. _____	5. _____	9. _____	
go to bed	9 o'clock	6. _____	9:30	

C Complete the chart with your own times. Then compare your answers with a partner.

What time do you get up?

I get up at 6 o'clock.



A school in Hồ Chí Minh City, Việt Nam

UNIT GOALS

By the end of this unit, you will be able to:

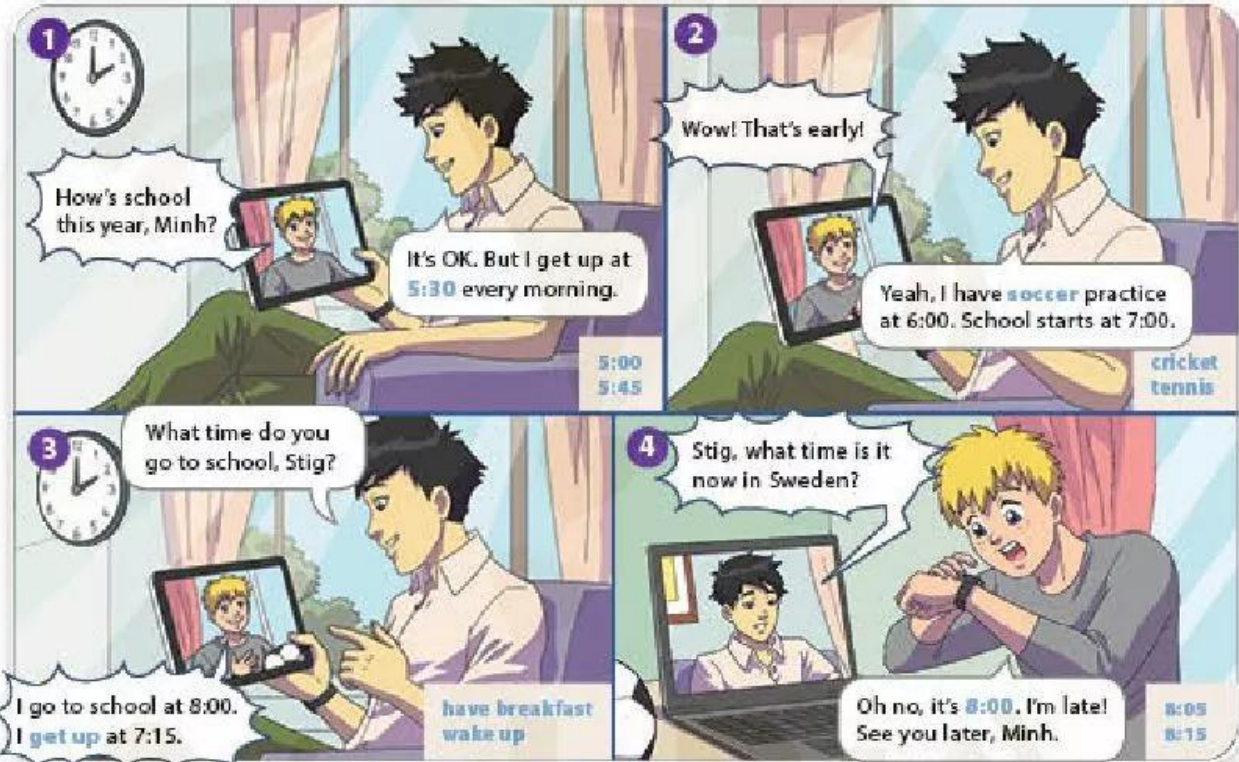
- talk about routines and school subjects
- use adverbs of frequency
- pronounce consonant blends

Language Focus

A 41-46 Listen and read. Then repeat the conversation and replace the words in blue.

REAL ENGLISH See you later!

B Practice with a partner. Replace any words to make your own conversation.



41-47

TALKING ABOUT ROUTINES (P. 168)

What time do you get up ?	I always get up at 7 o'clock.	0% — never — sometimes — often — usually 100% — always
When do you have breakfast?	I usually have breakfast at 7:30. I often have breakfast at 6:45.	
When does he do homework?	Sometimes he does homework at 1:15, and sometimes he does it at 2:30.	
What time does school start ?	It starts at 8 o'clock.	
When do they go home ?	They go home at 4 o'clock. They're never late.	

C **11-48** Complete the sentences. Then listen and check your answers.

1. She always (**get / gets**) up at 8 o'clock.
2. He sometimes (**has / have**) breakfast at 7:15.
3. What time do they (**has / have**) dinner?
4. What time (**do / does**) he go to bed?
5. I always (**do / does**) homework at 4 o'clock.
6. He often (**go / goes**) home at 6 o'clock.

IDIOM

If you do something "against the clock" you do it _____.

- a. in a hurry
- b. very late

D Complete the sentences. Use words from the box to make true sentences about you.

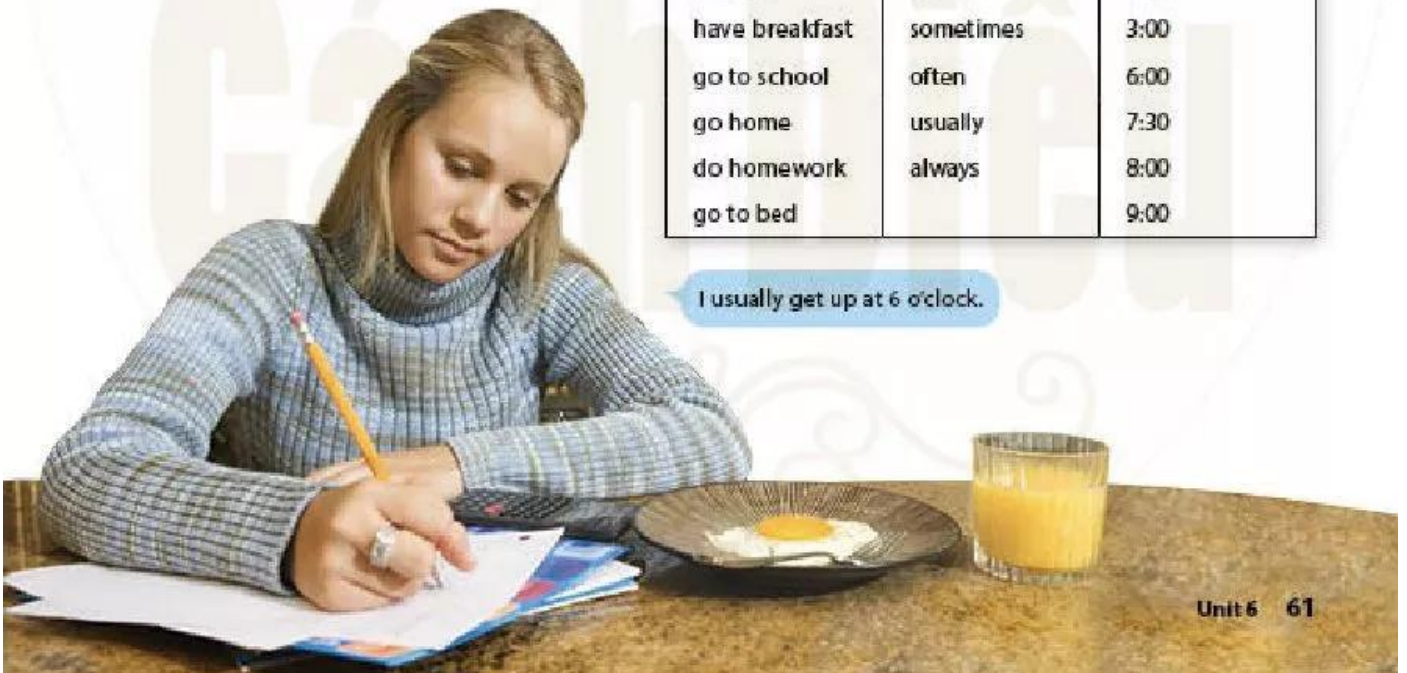
always never sometimes often usually

1. I _____ get up at 6 o'clock.
2. I _____ have breakfast before school.
3. I _____ do my homework after school.
4. I _____ go to bed at midnight.

E Work in small groups. Choose one activity and one time and make a sentence. Say how often you do the activity. Take turns.

Activity	Adverb	Time
get up	never	1:30
have breakfast	sometimes	3:00
go to school	often	6:00
go home	usually	7:30
do homework	always	8:00
go to bed		9:00

I usually get up at 6 o'clock.



The Real World

What Time Is It?



Different places around the world have different times. These are called time zones. Look at the chart. To calculate the time, you have to subtract or add the hours to Greenwich Mean Time (GMT). Look at the chart.

A Calculate. It's 2 p.m. in London (GMT). What time is it in these cities?

- | | | | |
|-------------------|------------------|--------------|-------|
| 1. Los Angeles | <u>6:00 a.m.</u> | 5. Nairobi | _____ |
| 2. New York | _____ | 6. New Delhi | _____ |
| 3. Rio de Janeiro | _____ | 7. Jakarta | _____ |
| 4. Madrid | _____ | 8. Sydney | _____ |

B **71-49** Quiz. Guess the answers. Circle T for True or F for False. Then listen and check.

- | | | |
|--|---|---|
| 1. Large countries always have at least two time zones. | T | F |
| 2. There is a country that has 12 time zones. | T | F |
| 3. Some countries change their time when the season changes. | T | F |
| 4. Sometimes a country changes its time zone permanently. | T | F |

Discussion. Do you think time zones are a good idea? Why do you think countries don't all use the same time zone?

Pronunciation

Consonant blends

A 41-50 Listen and practice the words.

1. student 2. school 3. class 4. teacher

B 51-51 Write and check. Write the words in the chart below. Then listen and underline the consonant blends.

student	music	space	time
check	study	never	clock

Consonant blend	No consonant blend
<u>st</u> udent	music

C Work with a partner. Take turns to read the words in B.

DO YOU KNOW?



The International Space Station uses GMT. It's the same time as London most of the year.

- a. True
b. False

Communication

Do a survey. Write the times you do these activities. Then find two other students who do the activities at the same time as you.

What time do you ... ?	you	student name	student name
have breakfast			
go home			
do homework			
watch TV on school days			
go to bed on school days			
go to bed on the weekends			
have dinner			

What time do you have breakfast?

I have breakfast at 7 o'clock.

Me too!

Reading

- A** Look at the photo. What do you think the article is about?
- a. city life b. a big family c. a school in Kenya
- B** Read the article quickly. What is Kakenya's dream?
- a. to write books
b. to help educate Maasai girls
c. to help girls get married
- C** Talk with a partner. Look at the subjects below. Which subjects do you think the girls study?



math



English



science



PE



art



music



geography

KAKENYA'S DREAM

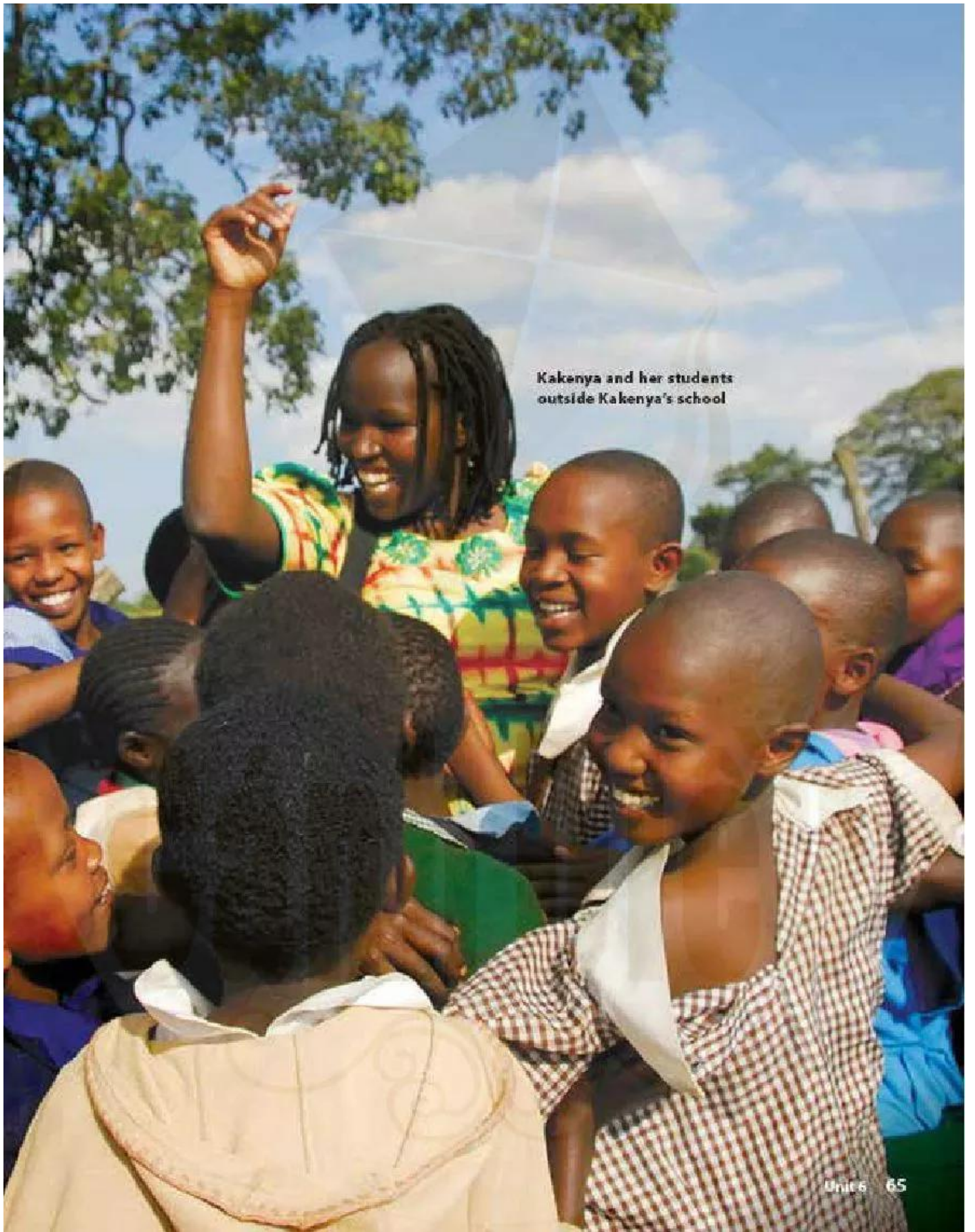
In Kenya, school life is not easy for some local Maasai people. In some schools, classes have 70 students in one classroom. Schools don't always have books. There sometimes aren't enough teachers, or there isn't enough money.

- 5 This is especially true for Maasai girls. Not many Maasai girls in Kenya finish elementary school. Many Maasai girls leave school early to get married. Kakenya Ntaiya has a dream. She wants to help Maasai schoolgirls. She has an elementary school for girls.

- 10 Today, 170 girls go to her school, and they love it. They study English and Swahili (an African language). They also study math, science, geography, history, art, and PE. Ntaiya wants the students to have a better life.

1-52 OPTIONAL AUDIO





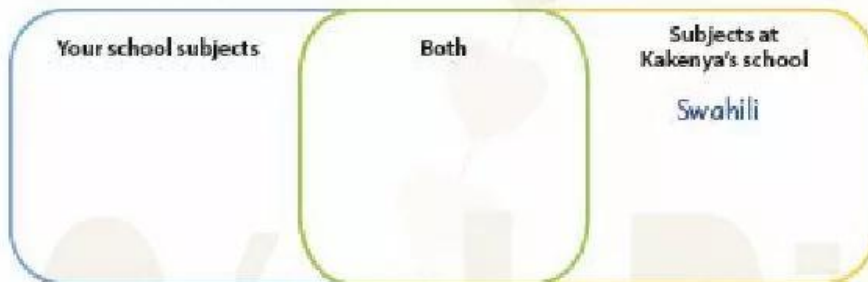
**Kakanya and her students
outside Kakanya's school**

Comprehension

A Choose the correct answers for *Kakenya's Dream*.

- Main Idea** What is another title for this article?
a. Life after School b. Living in Kenya c. A School for Girls
- Detail** How many students are there in some village school classrooms?
a. 70 b. 90 c. 100
- Inference** Many schools in Kenya need more _____.
a. chairs b. teachers c. students
- Vocabulary** "Especially true" means _____. (line 5)
a. not true b. only true c. more often true
- Detail** Why do some Maasai girls not finish school?
a. They move house. b. They get married. c. They leave Kenya.

B Complete the diagram. Look at the school subjects on page 64. Compare the school subjects at Kakenya's school with your school subjects.



C CRITICAL THINKING Talk with a partner. What do you think of Kakenya's school? Is your school similar to or different from Kakenya's?

Writing

Write a short email. Describe your school to an online friend in 40–60 words.

From: Mai@NGLstudent.com

To: anna.smith@mail.com

Subject: School life

Hi Anna,

Let me tell you about my school life. I usually get up at 6:30, and I go to school at 7:30.

There are 600 students at my school in Hà Nội. I study many subjects, including Vietnamese, English, science, history, geography, math, and art. I usually go home after school.

Mai

OPTIONAL

VIDEO

Kakenya's School

ABOUT THE VIDEO

Kakenya's students enjoy their school life.

BEFORE YOU WATCH

Circle the correct answers. What do you already know about Kakenya's school?

1. This school is in (Kenya / Uganda).
2. The school is for girls living in (cities / villages).

WHILE YOU WATCH

- A** Check your answers to the Before You Watch questions.
- B** Watch the video again. Circle T for True or F for False.

- | | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1. Kakenya's students live in the school. | T | F |
| 2. They cook their own food in school. | T | F |
| 3. School starts at 9 o'clock. | T | F |
| 4. They study math and geography. | T | F |

AFTER YOU WATCH

Talk with a partner. How would you describe Kakenya? Do you think these girls will have a better life?

Kakenya with students

