

REVIEW 1 (UNITS 1 - 2 - 3)

LANGUAGE

Pronunciation

- 1** Listen and repeat the following words and phrases.

spaceship	colourful clothing
toothbrush	risky
English practice	bloom
blow	Brau people
presence	stamp collecting

- 2** Listen to the sentences and underline the words with /sk/, /sp/, /st/, /br/, /pr/, /bl/, and /cl/ in the following sentences. Then read the sentences aloud.



- I used to climb trees when I was small.
- How can we improve our speaking skills?
- How annoying, the stadium has closed!
- I want to buy a blue skirt for my mother.
- 'On a dark day, I saw a witch riding a broom in the sky ...'

Vocabulary

- 3** Organise these words and phrases into pairs of opposites and write them in the blanks.

peaceful	hard	boring	forget
traditional	easy	love	modern
noisy	city life	majority	hate
country life	minority	remember	exciting

_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

- 4** Put a verb in the correct form in each gap to complete the sentences.

- Duong doesn't _____ playing football. He enjoys _____ to music or _____ museums more.
- Don't _____ to lock the door before you go to bed, Quan.
- Children in this village love _____ kites on summer afternoons.

- My sister doesn't _____ cooking, but she hates _____ the washing up after meals.
- The Hmong boys like _____ the game *danh quay* in spring.



Grammar

- 5** Complete the sentences with the correct comparative form of adverbs from the adjectives in brackets.

- On Saturday night we may stay up _____ than usual. (*late*)
- In his free time, Linh enjoys doing jigsaw puzzles _____ than anything else. (*much*)
- We speak English _____ now than last year. (*fluent*)
- You should buy the blue sweater. It suits you _____ than the red one. (*good*)
- Ethnic people in the mountainous regions live _____ than people in the city. (*simple*)
- Everyone in the race ran fast, but John ran _____ than all the others. (*fast*)
- If you write _____, you will make fewer mistakes. (*careful*)

- 6** Fill each blank with an article (*a, an, or the*) to complete the passage.

If you are tired of your busy and noisy city life, at the weekend you can go to (1) _____ green and peaceful place with friendly people in the Mekong region. Most of Viet Nam's rice is grown here. You will have (2) _____ opportunity to enjoy the beauty of typical Southern Vietnamese countryside and (3) _____ view of immense rice paddies, coconut plantations and beautiful rivers. (4) _____ Mekong Delta is also famous for its fascinating floating markets and fruit orchards where you can taste delicious local fruits especially (5) _____ dragon fruit. It will be (6) _____ special treat for you!



REVIEW 1 (UNITS 1 - 2 - 3)

Introduction

The aim of this review is to revise what Ss have studied and practised in units 1, 2 and 3.

T may ask Ss what they have learnt so far in terms of language and skills. Summarise their answers and add some more information if necessary. Encourage Ss to recall and speak out as much as possible.

LANGUAGE

T may use this language review section as a self-test. Ss do the exercises in 30 minutes then T checks their answers. Otherwise, T can conduct each activity separately.

Pronunciation

- 1 T plays the recording and Ss repeat. Play the recording as many times as necessary. Pause and correct Ss' pronunciation.
- 2 Play the recording two or more times, if necessary. Help Ss recognise all the words with /sk/, /sp/, /st/, /br/, /pr/, /bl/, and /cl/ then underline them as instructed. T may ask Ss to read the sentences as a class, or individually. Check pronunciation and intonation.

Key:

1. I used to climb trees when I was small.
2. How can we improve our speaking skills?
3. How annoying, the stadium has closed!
4. I want to buy a blue skirt for my mother.
5. 'On a dark day, I saw a witch riding a broom in the sky ...'

Vocabulary

- 3 Ss do the exercise individually and then share their answers with a partner. Check Ss' answers.

Key:

peaceful – noisy	hard – easy	boring – exciting
forget – remember	traditional – modern	country life – city life
love – hate	majority – minority	

- 4 Ss do this exercise individually. T may ask some Ss to write their answers on the board. Correct as a class.

Key:

1. like/ enjoy, listening, visiting
2. forget
3. flying/ to fly
4. mind, to do/ doing
5. playing/ to play

Grammar

- 5 Ss do this individually and compare their answers with a partner. Call some Ss to go to the board to write their answers. Other Ss comment. Correct as a class.

Key:

1. later
2. more
3. more fluently
4. better
5. more simply
6. faster
7. more carefully

- 6 Ss do the exercise individually. T checks. Call some Ss to read the whole passage.

Key: 1. a 2. an 3. the 4. The 5. the 6. a

7 Everyday English

Match the sentences in A with those in B. Then practise with a friend.

A

- Small children in my village often climb that hill and swim in this river.
- Is it true that there are busy floating markets on the rivers in the Mekong region?
- I'm sure you will love this new cartoon.
- Flying kites is very exciting, but we can never do this in the city.
- My dad enjoys doing DIY. He made this dining table set.

B

- Yes, it's right up my street.
- How interesting!
- No, we can't.
- That's awesome!
- Exactly.

SKILLS

Reading

- 1 Read the following letter from Kim to her pen friend, Jon.



Dear Jon,

Thank you for the letter and all your news. Well, in this letter I'll tell you what I often do in my leisure time.

One thing I like to do is visiting museums. On Saturday afternoons I love to visit Da Nang Museum of Cham Sculpture. You know, this museum preserves sculptures featuring the cultural and spiritual life of the Cham people. About 300 clay and stone objects are on display at the museum. This museum has the world's largest collection of Cham artifacts. Sometimes I also visit Da Nang Museum. This is a new museum with about 2,500 pictures, documents and objects. You can learn about history and people's life here. Next time you come, I'll take you to these museums. I'm sure you will like them, and you will learn a lot of interesting things.

Bye for now,

Kim

- a Tick (✓) true (T) or false (F).

	T	F
1. Kim likes to visit museums at the weekend.		
2. The Museum of Cham Sculpture has the largest collection of Cham artifacts.		
3. The Museum of Cham Sculpture has about 2,500 items.		
4. Da Nang Museum is a new museum.		
5. Jon thinks it is a good thing to visit museums.		

- b Write questions for the underlined phrases in the letter.

- _____?
- _____?
- _____?

Speaking

- 2 Work in pairs. Talk about what your family members like to do in their free time.

Example:

- My dad likes to play chess with his neighbours.
- My mum likes making special food and cakes for us. She hates sitting around.

Listening

- 3 Listen to the passage and choose the correct answer.

- What percentage of Britain's population dream of living in the country?
A. 18% B. 80% C. 20%
- English village communities are often small and _____.
A. close B. poor C. unknown
- Which is village life good for, according to Maggie?
A. Children
B. People who have money
C. People who don't have money
- People in English villages use private transport _____.
A. a little B. less C. more
- The environment of English villages is _____.
A. spoil B. not spoilt much C. not safe

Writing

- 4 Giving your opinion

Write a paragraph giving your opinion about life in the countryside. You may begin like this:

In my opinion/ I think life in the countryside has many good points. Firstly, ...

you may use the following cues:

- people (friendly ...)
- life (peaceful, simple, slow ...)
- food (fresh, cheap ...)
- traditional activities

Everyday English

- 7** Ss do the task individually. Then they practise in pairs. After checking their answers, ask one or two pairs to act out the dialogues.

Key: 1. b 2. e 3. a 4. c 5. d

SKILLS

Reading

- 1** Ss read the letter once or twice. T clarifies anything they do not understand fully.

- a** Ss do the task individually, then check with a partner. T corrects.

Key: 1. T 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. F

- b** Ss do the exercises in pairs. T corrects as a class.

Key:

1. Which museum does Kim love to visit on Saturday afternoons?
2. How many (clay and stone) objects are on display at the museum?
3. What can you learn in this museum/ Da Nang Museum?

Speaking

- 2** Ss work in pairs and talk about what their family members like to do in their free time. Encourage them to talk as much as possible, using the verbs of liking they have learnt. After some time, T may let Ss swap pairs and continue to talk. T goes round and gives assistance if necessary.

Listening

- 3** Play the recording once or twice. Ss listen and choose their answers.

Play the recording again for Ss to check their answers. Explain the new words or anything difficult if necessary.

Key: 1. B 2. A 3. A 4. C 5. B



Audio script:

LIFE IN THE ENGLISH COUNTRYSIDE

According to a recent survey by *Country Life* magazine, about 80 percent of Britain's population dream of living in the countryside. In fact the countryside of England today shows the wealth of landowners and those who can afford to escape the busy and noisy city life.

English village communities are often small and close. They are warm and usually welcoming. Maggie, who lives in North Yorkshire, says: 'Village life is wonderful and safe for the kids. There is a great sense of community here. It is more relaxing and you can't tell who has money and who doesn't'. People in the English countryside use private transport more, and the environment hasn't been spoilt much.

Writing

- 4** Before writing, have Ss brainstorm ideas about life in the countryside: advantages, disadvantages, what they like and dislike, etc... Then explain the writing task. Also have them brainstorm words and phrases they may need for their writing.

Give Ss time to do the writing task. Then collect their papers to check out of class.

Sample writing:

In my opinion, life in the countryside has many good points. Firstly, country folk are friendlier than city folk. Secondly, life is slower and simpler than in the city. The food is fresher and the air is cleaner. Finally, there are lots of traditional activities that we can do in the countryside such as horse-riding, swimming in the river or kite-flying. For these reasons, I like country life.