# UNIT 4 **OUR PAST**

#### GETTING STARTED.

Look at the picture. Write the names of the things that do not belong to the past.





## LISTEN AND READ.

This is me, Nga. I used to live Grandma:

on a farm when I was a young girl.

What was life like then? Nga:

Grandma: I didn't go to school because

I had to stay home and help my mom.

I used to look after my younger

brothers and sisters.

What did Great-grandma do? Nga:

She used to cook the meals, clean the Grandma:

house and wash the clothes.

Nga: That sounds like hard work!

	Grandma:	It was. And there wasn't any electricity.  Mom had to do everything without the help of modern equipment.		
	Nga:	What did you do in the evenings?		
	Grandma:	After dinner, Mom lit the lamp and Dad used to tell us stories.		
	Nga:	Do you remember any of them?		
	Grandma:	Oh, yes. The best one was <i>The Lost Shoe</i> . It's an old folktale.		
	Nga:	Please tell me the tale, Grandma. Traditional stories are great.		
	Grandma:	All right. Once a poor farmer		
1.	Practice the d	ialogue with a partner.		
2.	Work with a r	partner. Ask and answer the questions.		
	The state of the s	Nga's grandmother use to live?		
		she go to school?		
		ga's great-grandmother use to do?		
		ga's great-grandmother and great-grandfather do after	dinne	er?
		ga ask her grandmother to do at the end of the conv		
3.	Fact or opinio	on? Check (✓) the boxes.	F	o
	a) I used to liv	ve on a farm.		
	b) There wasn	't any electricity.		
		o do everything without modern equipment.		
	d) My father u	used to tell us stories.		
	e) The best on	e was The Lost Shoe.		
	f) Traditional	stories are great.		
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#### SPEAK.

1. Work with a partner. Look at the pictures. Talk about the way things used to be and the way they are now.





#### 2. Now tell your partner about the things you used to do last year.

Last year I used to get up late. Now, I get up early and do morning exercises.

## LISTEN.

Listen to the story. Write the letter of the most suitable moral lesson.

- a) Don't kill chickens.
- b) Don't be foolish and greedy.
- c) Be happy with what you have.
- d) It's difficult to find gold.

#### READ.



Once a poor farmer had a daughter named Little Pea. After his wife died, the farmer married again. His new wife had a daughter, Stout Nut. Unfortunately, the new wife was very cruel to Little Pea. Little Pea had to do chores all day. This made Little Pea's father very upset. He soon died of a broken heart.

Summer came and went. In the fall, the village held its harvest festival. That year, everyone was excited as the prince wanted to choose his wife from the village. Stout Nut's mother made new clothes for her, but poor Little Pea had none.

However, before the festival started, a fairy appeared and magically changed Little Pea's rags into beautiful clothes.

As Little Pea ran to the festival, she dropped one of her shoes and lost it. When the prince found the shoe, he decided to marry the girl who owned it. Of course the shoe fitted Little Pea, and the prince immediately fell in love with her.

	1.	Complete	e the	sentences	with	words	from	the	story.
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a) Little Pea's father was a	<u>s</u> •e = =
b) Little Pea's mother	when she was young.
c) Little Pea to got married	do the housework all day after her father
d) The prince wanted to	a girl from Little Pea's village.
e) Stout Nut's mother did not	make for Little Pea.
f) The prince found Little Pea	's shoe.

### 2. Answer the questions. Write the answers in your exercise book.

- a) Who was Little Pea?
- b) What did Stout Nut's mother make Little Pea do all day?
- c) How did Little Pea get her new clothes?
- d) Who did the prince decide to marry?
- e) Is this a true story? How do you know?

#### WRITE.

## 1. Complete the story. Use the verbs in the box.

burned	escaped	went	was	appeared
left	lit	tied	was grazing	said

## How the Tiger Got His Stripes

One day, as a farmer was in his field and his buffalo (0) was grazing nearby, a tiger (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_. The tiger wanted to know why the strong buffalo was the servant and the small man (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_ the master. The farmer (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_ he had something called wisdom, but he (4) \_\_\_\_\_ it at home that day. He (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_ to get the wisdom, but before that he (6) \_\_\_\_\_\_ the tiger to a tree with a rope because he didn't want it to eat the buffalo. When he returned, the farmer brought some straw with him. He said it was his wisdom. He (7) \_\_\_\_\_\_ the straw and the fire (8) \_\_\_\_\_\_ the tiger. The tiger (9) \_\_\_\_\_\_, but it still has black stripes from the burns today.

2. Now imagine you are the man. Use the words to write the story. Start like this:

One day as I was in the field and ....

One day / I / field

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buffalo / graze / tiger / come

It / ask / why / strong buffalo / my servant / and I / its master

I / tell / tiger / I / have / wisdom

tiger / want / see / it

I / tell / it / I / leave / wisdom / home

then I / tie / tiger / tree / rope / I / didn't / want / eat / buffalo

I / go / get / straw / and / burn / tiger

tiger / escape / still have / black stripes

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## Language Focus

• Past simple

	• u	sed to						
1. Wı	rite the pa	st simple form of each	verb.					
a)		d) go	h) ride					
	=> ran	e) have	i) eat					
b)	fly	f) do	j) sit					
c)	take	g) be		k) come				
2. Co a)	mplete the Lan:	e dialogue below. Use	the past simple	le. ?				
	Nga:	No. I ate noodles.						
b)	Ba:	How did you get to school?						
	Nam:							
c)	Minh:	?						
	<b>Hoa:</b> I was at home.							
d) Chi: Which subject did you have yesterday?								
	Ba:							
3. Co	mplete the	sentences. Use the pr	epositions in	the table.				
	in	November 1997	between	7 am and 8 am				
	on	Monday, July 2	after	2				
	at	6 pm	before	3 pm				
a)	a) I'll see you on Wednesday.							
b)	b) I'm going to Laos January. c) We must be there 8.30 and 9.15. d) The bank closes 3 pm. If you arrive 3 pm, the bank will be closed.							
c)								
d)								
e) I'll be home seven because I want to see the seven o'clock								

• Prepositions of time: in, on, at, after, before, between

# 4. Look at the pictures. Complete the dialogue. Use used to and the verbs in the box.

live stay have be a) b) c) d) Nga: Where is this? It isn't Ha Noi. Hoa: No, it's Hue. I (0) used to stay there. Nga: Is that you, Hoa? Yes. I (1)\_\_\_\_\_long hair. Hoa: Who is in this photo? Nga: That is Loan. She (2) my next-door neighbor. Hoa: Nga: Are they your parents? Hoa: No. They're my aunt and uncle. They (3) in Hue, too.